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Choice Alpines And Rock Plants

From

ROCKMARGE

MRS. EDITH H. BANGHART, F.R.H.S.

MEDINA, WASHINGTON
CATALOGUE

of

Alpine and Rock Plants

of QUALITY

Imported and Grown by

ROCKMARGE ALPINE GARDENS

MEDINA, WASHINGTON

MRS. EDITH H. BANGHART, F.R.H.S.

Member of Woman’s National Farm and Garden Association of American Royal Horticultural Association of Great Britain
a thorough preparation of the soil at all times to make them thrive and continue to maintain their vigorous growth.

I have both field and pot-grown plants, and can supply most of these in either form. Many prefer field-grown plants, considering them more hardy. Personally I believe and especially for Eastern trade, pot-grown plants are best as the roots are well maintained and seem to withstand packing to better advantage.

I keep hundreds of saxifrages, androsaces, sedums and sempervivens in pots plunged in sand pits, along with other of the more valuable rock plants and alpines, and can supply them in quantities at short notice; and by the way, although I have not tabulated the price list of plants by the dozen or more, I can give a much better price at this rate, always being able to supply a dozen at the rate of ten, and in some instances doing even better. I make a specialty of rock wall planting, growing quantities of those plants that are especially adapted for that form of rock gardening, also I am well equipped to landscape and give advice with regard thereto.

Shipping

Every care is taken to see that plants are dispatched in first-class condition and I can assume no responsibility for damage in transit. Any error of mine will be rectified as far as possible by replacing the plants, or refunding the costs.

I shall send, unless otherwise ordered, all plants by parcel post. Purchaser to pay postage and insurance, excepting retail orders amounting to $1.00 or more for Pacific Coast delivery.

FALL SHIPPING SEASON begins the first week in September and extends usually until about the first week in November, according to weather conditions.

SPRING SHIPMENTS are forwarded according to customer’s wishes and subject to weather conditions, March 1st until June 15th. It is well to order early in order to avoid disappointment.
ACAENA (Rosaceae)
Argentea. Neat little carpets of silver grey.........................$0.25
Buchanani. Dense carpets of pea-green............................. .25
Microphylla inermis. Kahki-bronze, loose leaves.................... .30
Nove Zealandie. The smallest and most desirable. Wee bronzy leaflets .................................................. .40

ACANTHOLIMON (Plumbaginaceae)
Dense prickly cushions from Asia Minor, for hot dry locations ................................................................. 1.00

ACHILLEA (Compositae). Yarrow or Millfoil. Those with silver grey foliage being especially desirable.
Ageratofolia (See Anthemis Aizoon).
Clavennae. Neat silvery foliage from the limestone cliffs of the Karawanken. White flowers, bronze center. This is choice and quite uncommon................................. .40
Tomentosa. Neat little plants with golden flowers in flattish heads. Hot sandy soil........................................ .30

AETHIONEMA (Cruciferae). Most desirable and satisfactory rock plant for a hot and sunny location.
Coridifolium. Many stemmed bushling with small dense heads of pink. June-July........................................... .50
Grandiflorum. Lovely loose bushes of blue grey foliage with soft clear pink blooms........................................ .50
Pulchellum. Dense spikes of pale rose.................................. .50
Warley Hybrid. This comes from the genuine and original imported stock from England. A very choice and easily grown little plant in full sun, with desirable grey foliage and lovely soft pink flowers............. .75

AJUGA (Labiatae). A neat little plant for a shady corner, lovely with Lamium and the Arabis Flora Plena.
Genevensis. Gentian blue flowers in early spring.................. .25

ALYSSUM (Cruciferae). The common Gold Dust is found in most gardens. I wish to mention a few of the less common kinds:
Alpestre. Quite prostrate with minute yellow flowers, and very desirable grey foliage.............................. .35
Argenteum. Silvery foliage with dense flower heads blooming all summer...................................................... .50
Moellendorffianum. Attractive variety from Bosnia. Silver foliage and yellow blooms from June until Aug.... .50
Saxatilie Citrinum. The pale yellow blooms being especially soft and pretty with the early mauves and lavenders of the Aubretia................................. .25

Serpyllifolium. Very choice little plant, blooming continuously for weeks. Compact and lovely.......................... .75

ANDROSACE (Primulaceae). A genuine Alpine from high elevations, appreciating warm situations with plenty of small rock chips, and sandy soil.

Brigantiaca. A variety of Carnea. Pink blooms.................. .75

Chumbyi. A Sarmentosa, with silky leaves and choice pink blossoms .............................................................. .75

Laggeri. Choice variety from the Pyrenees. Neat and very uncommon. Juniper like foliage................................. 1.00

Lactea. Delightful little compact rosettes with clusters of lovely white blossoms in June and July......................... .50

Lanuginosa. One of the most beautiful. Silvery foliage with soft pink lilac-pink blossoms blooming nearly all summer ................................................................. .50

Primuloides. Rosettes of silvery foliage and heads of rose blossoms on three-inch stems. May-June...................... .75

Sarmentosa. Similar to above with pink blooms................ .75

Sarmentosa Watkinsii. Choice rosettes with pink blooms and carmine eye. This is different...................................... .75

Sempervivoides. Similar to above with smooth foliage and more compact, and deep pink flowers............................ .75

Spinossifolia. Tighter, more compact pointed heads; lovely pink blossoms.............................................................. .75

Villosa. Tiny rosettes of wooly foliage with the choicest little pearly-white forget-me-not bloom with yellow eye ................................................................. 1.00

Vitaliana (Douglasia Vitaliana). This is a yellow-blooming Androsace, close green mats with flowers of the softest gold. Very lovely................................. .75

ANEMONE (Ranunculaceae)

Blanda. Attractive blue blossoms, in snow-drop time. Plant bulbs in the fall. $1.50 dozen. Each.............................. .15

Fulgens. Intense scarlet. Lovely with other spring blossoms. $1.50 a dozen. Each.......................... .15

Hepatica Triloba. Pink and blue dainty blossoms.............. .35

Pulsatilla. Large mauve or purple flowers, ornamental seed pods ................................................................. .40
ANTENNARIA (Compositae)
Rosea Nana. Silvery compact foliage, dainty pink flower heads. Good ground cover............................................. .35

ANTHEMIS (Compositae)
Aizoon. White daisy-like blooms, grey foliage................................. .35

AQUILEGIA (Ranunculacae). Columbine.
Alpina. Large powder blue flowers on stems 12-14 inches high. May-June. This is the true variety of Alpina.... .40
Jocunda (Similar to Glandulosa). A choice plant the best of all the Alpine Aquilegias. Large beautiful bloom of powder-blue with pure white center. May-June ................................................................. .50
Flabelata Nana. Choice little white dwarf Columbine from the Orient. May-June...................................................... .40
Pyaneica. Rare and beautiful. I consider it the choicest of them all. Much like A. Alpine, more intense blue, and more dwarf........................................................... .50

ARABIS (Cruciferae). I have a number of varieties, among the best being Sturii, Kelerii, Flora Plena, etc........... .25

ARENARIA (Caryophyllacae)
Montana. Large white flowers, very fine for rock wall, blooming nearly all summer................................. .35
Balerica. Carpet with dark green foliage and minute white flowers, for shady damp place....................... .35

ARTEMISIA (Compositae)
Frigida. Lovely soft grey foliage......................................................... .30
Baumgartneri .............................................................. .30
Canescens .............................................................. .30

ARMERIA (Plumbaginaceae)
Bee’s Ruby. Dark Rose.......................................................... .25
Laucheana. Clear Pink............................................................ .25
Alpina. Dwarf compact and rose..................................................... .25
Caespitosa. The choicest of the family. Neat little cushions, with dainty delicate pink blossoms.................. 1.00

ASTER (Compositae)
Alpina. Large violet and gold daisies in June................................. .25
Alpina Alba. The white variety of the above................................ .25
Lichangensis. A very choice Chinese aster, dwarf and branched with many blooms of the loveliest intense mauve, with dark eye................................. .50
Goliath. Large beautiful lavender, with intense yellow center .......................................................... .25
Pliades. Dainty foliage and branching habit. A gem comes late when bloom is scarce.......................... .50
Farreri. Western China Alpine. Handsome foliage and large mauve blooms with intense yellow center........ .50
Sub-Coeruleus. Larger Aster Alpina .......................................................... .25
Yunanensis. Choice aster from the Yunnan. One of the best. Blooms in July-August.......................... .50

ASTILBE (Saxifragaceae)
  Simplicifolia. This from Japan. Lovely dwarf glossy foliage with the most delicate spirea bloom imaginable. July-August .......................................................... .75

AUBRETIA (Cruciferae). I have beautiful grandiflora mixed varieties, but also have the following named at select varieties, in nice large plants.......................................................... .25
  Gracae. Beautiful mauve shade, large flowers.......................... .35
  Lavender Queen. Somewhat similar, deeper mauve.............. .35
  Crimson King. Lovely rich crimson.......................... .40
  Lissadell Pink. Deep pink with large flowers...................... .40
  Dr. Mules. Deep dark purple.......................... .40
  Rose Beauty. Deep dark rose.......................... .40
  Leitchlini. Bright pink.............................................. .40
  Moerheimi. Choice pink.............................................. .40
  Bridesmaid. Loveliest soft and delicate pink....................... .50

Named varieties are all grown from cuttings, as seeds do not come true to name. This is good true stock.

BELLIS (Compositae)
  Minutum. Smallest dainty daisy imaginable, constant bloomer, and a good companion for the lovely Viola Bosniaca .......................................................... .35

CALTHA (Ranunculaceae)
  Leptosepala (our native Marsh Marigold). Lovely waxen bloom with yellow center.......................... .35
  Palustris. The large yellow marsh Marigold, so fine for the pool margin or brooklet.......................... .35

CALCEOLARIA (Scrophulariaceae)
  Polyrhiza. Dainty little plant for moist places, lovely lemon yellow blooms.......................... .40
Umbelata. Choice little treasure from Peru. Very dwarf and of the richest carmine imaginable. Hot and sunny location ................................................................. .75
Bonfire. Rich scarlet, speckled with brown...................... .40

CHEIRANTHUS (Cruciferae)
Linifolia. A dainty mauve cushion with sweet smelling wall flower blooms................................................................. .35
Pumillium. Very dwarf, and orange fairy wall flowers........... .25

CAMPANULA (Campanulacae)
Aucheri. Large rich purple bells on three-inch stem. Very choice and rare. Needs protection in winter.............. .75
Elantines. Grey leafed trailer, with dainty China blue blossoms .............................................................................. .50
Collina. Lovely species from Caucasus. Foot-high branching stems, with deep purple bells. June-July................. .50
Barbata. This is the bearded bellflower of the high Alpine meadows, combining wonderfully with Hiericum or the late blooming Alyssums .............................................................................. .50
Garganica. Beautiful dainty blue stars, most consistent and satisfactory bloomer. Need sun, June-July................. .35
Garganica W. H. Paine. Larger blooms and more spreading tufts. Very choice................................................................. .50
Garganica Hirsuta. Lovely grey hairy foliage. Rare and good ............................................................................................. .50
Carpatica Isobel. Choice China blue saucer on lovely hairy stems and foliage................................................................. .35
Carpatica Riverslea Beauty. The loveliest Carpatica, comes late and the richest blue................................................................. .35
Carpatica Alba. The white variety of the above..................... .25
Hallii. Dainty white Campanula, resembling the white Pusilla .......................................................................................... .50
Isophylla (Blue). Silver grey foliage which is beautiful in itself; lovely blue stars in July-August. This is a treasure. Needs some protection from winter rains.... .50
Muralis. I have both the Portenschlagiana and the Bavarian type. Lovely blue trailer, long bloomer......................... .35
Miranda. This is one of the late Mr. Farrer's special finds. Not unlike Caespitosa and Pulla. The tubby little bells entirely cover substantial mats of lovely green foliage. Mine is the Bellardi type............................. .75
Norman Grove. The choicest little dwarf cup of the daintiest China blue. I consider this one of the best of the recent hybridizations. July-August. Some shade... .75
Pusilla. Dainty little nodding bells on two-inch stems...... .35
Pusilla Alba. Lovely white form of the above......................... .50
Rotundifolia. Our native Harebell. My plants are from an especially nice color collected in our mountains.... .25
Raddeana. This is a good Campanula from the Alps of the High Caucasuses. Branching from the Alps of deep purple bells. June-August. Full sun......................... .40
Wilson, G. F. This is one of the finest little treasures I possess. A rare little Chinese Campanula, deep rich little wide open bells, hairy foliage................................. .75

CORYDALIS (Pavaveracae). Fumitory. Leaf-mould and shade.
Cheilanthifolia. Fern-like foliage and clear yellow blooms ................................................................. .35
Thalrichtifolia. Dainty foliage, pale yellow flowers.
Dainty .................................................................................. .35

CONVOLVULUS (Convolvulacae)
Mauritanica. Dainty delf-blue trailer, is not rampant, and very choice. Half hardy, needing protection in winter.. .50

COTONEASTER (Rosaceae)
Adpressa. A dwarf, close growing shrub. Lovely glossy leaves, turning in the fall................................. 1.00
Humifusa. One of the best shrubs for rock covering. Beautiful leaves and profusion of white hawthorne blossoms in early spring......................................................... .75 & 1.00
Tymeifolia... Daintiest foliage of all. Choice.................... 1.00

CORTULA (Leptinella)
Squalida. Wee fern-like foliage, splendid for stepping stones or between steps................................. .35

DAPHNE (Thymelaceae)
Cneoreum. Garland flower. A lovely little evergreen bush which clothes itself in spring with the most delicious and fragrant rosy trumpets................................. 1.00
Large plants ..................................................................... 2.50

DIANTHUS (Caryophyllaceae)
Alpestris. Little fringed pink blooms................................. .35
Arenarius. Lovely blush lilac fringed flowers.................... .35
Alpinus. Wonderful blooms as large as a quarter and very dwarf. Deep rose pink.............................. .50
Alpinus Carmineus. This is an especially fine carmine bloom with deeper carmine eye. Very choice........... .75
Alpinus Alba. The white form of the above. Very dwarf.. .50
Arvenensis. The daintiest and smallest Caesius. Grey green compact mats with choice pink blooms........... .40
Deltoides. Major Stearn’s variety. Bronze foliage, deep carmine flowers ........................................... .35
Hungaricus. Dwarf little mottled pinks. New, and a gem ................................................................. .45
Neglectus. The choicest of the Dianthus. Cherry-rose blooms with buff reverse, very dwarf. Rare.............. .75
Alwoodi Alpina. Deep carmine pinks with spicy fragrance, covered with blooms for weeks.................... .40
Gladys Cranfield. Similar to above, rich pink with deep carmine eye .................................................... .50
Napoleon III. Rich ruby red. An indescribably lovely Dianthus. The most gorgeous coloring imaginable... .75
Plumarius Hybrids. Many colors, fragrant and good........ .30
DRYAS (Rosaceae)
Octopetala. Compact and charming little dwarf shrub. Makes neat carpets of wee oak leaves and throws up dainty waxen flowers of creamy white. Choice........... .50
Sundermanii. Larger and looser, just as good................. .50
ERICAS. Special list upon request.
ERINUS (Cruciferae)
Alpinus Carmineus. Lovely rose-colored variety. Splendid for walls, stepping stones and crevices............. .35
Alpinus Alba. The white form of the above..................... .35
ERODIUM (Geraniaceae)
Cheilanthisiifolia. Beautiful grey foliage, white bloom with purple blotch. Blooms for weeks..................... .75
Chrysanthum. Grey foliage with dainty yellow blooms... .75
Macradenum. Much like the above with blush pink flowers .75
ERYTHRÆA (Gentianaceae)
Diffusa. A lovely wee gentian-like plant, leaves hidden with a profusion of lively bright pink stars............. .75
EPIMEDIUM (Berberidaceae)
Niveum. Snow-white flowers, beautiful heart-shaped foliage ............................................................... .50
Sulphureum. Dwarf, pale yellow flowers, bronze foliage.. .50
Macranthum Volaceum. Beautiful lilac flowers; May and June .......................................................... .60
GENISTA (Leguminacae). Broom, sandy loam.
Prostrata. Dwarf creeping broom, wooly foliage. Choice.. 1.00
Sagittalis. Peculiar jointed foliage, interesting and attractive low growing shrub........................................... .75
Tinctora. Lovely warm colored yellow dwarf shrub........ 1.00
Tinctora Flora Piena. Double form of the above. Very choice ........................................................................... 1.25
Kewensis. Large plants. Rich yellow, good low shrub..... 1.00
GENTIAN (Gentianacae)
Acaulis. This is the favorite. Large rich blue trumpet, a marvel of color in May-June. Choice plants............... 1.00
Dahurica. Large leaves and flopping stems, carrying large umbels of deepest blue............................................ .75
Farreri. Large lovely sky-blue trumpets surrounded with grassy foliage. One of Farrer’s choicest finds in Thibet. July and August................................. 1.00 & 1.50
Lagodechiana. A beauty much like Septemfida. Low growing Gentian with large spotted trumpets.............. 1.00
Pneumonanthe. The English heath Gentian. Slender stems with cluster of lovely blue-purple bells. Sept.... 1.00
Sceptrum. Native Gentian similar to above; smaller...... .75
Septemfida. Beautiful fringed bells in clusters of the brightest blue. July and August................................. .75
Sino-Ornata. This I consider the finest of the Chinese Gentians. Blooms in the late autumn when flowers are scarce. Most intense blue. A choice plant........... 1.50
Walujewi. White, spotted brown. Peculiar specimen from India. June and August. Large plants............... .75
GERANIUM (Geraniacae)
Argenteum. This is a delicate little gem. Silver grey foliage with apple-blossom pink blooms. If given too hot a situation will fade out................................................ 1.00
Traversi. Lovely grey-green foliage with clear pink blooms. Lovely with Convolvolus Mauritania............. .75
Sanguineum (Lancastriense). Low growing prostrate type with pale pink delicate blossoms....................... .50
Sanguineum Rosea. Rich rose shade of the above. Choice ................................................................. .75
Pylzowanum (North Thibet). A dainty little sprite with nodding rose-pink blossoms. June-August................. .75
Wallichanum. Blue-veined purple. Good ground cover for warm location. August-September........................... .75

GEUM (Rosacae)
Borisii. Bright orange-scarlet flowers on short branching stems. June-August.............................................. .50
Heldrichii. Lovely grey velvety foliage with delightful little orange blossoms. Quite dwarf.............................. .75

GLOBULARIA (Selaginanczaea)
Cordifolia. Tiny prostrate shrub covered in early June with tiny fluffy blue balls................................. .50
Nana. Similar to above, but much more minute and prostrate ................................................................. .50

GYPSOPHILA (Caryophylliaceae)
Cerastoides. Choice grey-green foliage with large white cup veined purple.............................................. .35
Repens. Dainty foliage with fairy blooms of palest pink.. .25
B. Repens Rosea. Rose form of the above................................. ................................. .30

HELIANTHEMUM (Cistaceae)
Speciosa. Orange and salmon, large leafed and very fine.. .50
I have also fine pinks with grey foliage, roses, yellow single, and double. White with grey foliage (good), reds, single and double. These are all good, but mixed names ................................................................................................. .25

HEUCHERA (Saxifragacae)
Brizoides. Lovely shade of rose coral bells................................. .40
Sanguinea. Coral red bells.......................................................... .35
Alba. Dainty white bells.............................................................. .30
La Perie. A new red coral bell..................................................... .50
Pluie de Feu. Very fiery red......................................................... .40
Rosmondi. New. Delightful shade of pale pink........................ .60
Gracillima. Dainty pink semi-double........................................... .40

HUTCHINSIA (Cruciferae)
Alpina. A true little Alpine with deep green foliage covered with dainty white flowers in early spring............. .35
HYPERICUM (Hypericaceae)

Coris. Dainty little plant with very fine foliage and branching stems, lovely yellow blossoms. July and August. Partial shade.................................................. 45

Polyphyllum. One of the best. Dense little bushes covered with large yellow cups all summer.......................... 40

Repens. A splendid covering for a large rock, in a sunny location .................................................................................. 35

Fragile. Somewhat like Polyphyllum, but finer and daintier ................................................................. 40

IBERIS (Cruciferae)

Sempervivens. Good perennial rock-plant. White............. 25

Gibraltarica. The same as above, but dainty lavender...... 35

IRIS (Iridicacae). I carry a number of dwarf iris, but list a few of the most choice. I have all the pumillas at...... 25

Arenaria. The dainty little golden sand Iris. This is scarce and very choice......................................................... 1.25

Crista. A creeping Iris of great beauty. Old blue and yellow. Prefers a little shade and moisture............... 35

Dichotoma Vespers. This is a new Iris from the Orient. Very interesting branching habit, deep lavender........ 75

Gracilipes. The choicest and daintiest of all the Dwarf Iris. Many miniature little blooms like small Japanese Iris. Unusual and good .......................................................... 1.25

Tenas. Lovely native sort.......................................................... 50

Tenuis. Another choice little native Iris that deserves to be better known. Yellows and blues............................... 50

Tectorum. The roof Iris of Japan. Splendid wall Iris.... 1.00

Verna. Vernal Iris, good ground cover.............................. 35

Reticulata. Imported choice Dwarf Iris bulbs..................

LEWISIA (Portulacaceae)

Howellii. Beautiful native of Oregon. Lovely crinkled foliage, with radiating head of apricot flowers streaked with rose, on three or four-inch stems. Very gritty soil, good drainage and full sun. You will consider this the finest rock plant in your garden. June-August................................................................. 50 & 75

Rediviva. Queer little plant which completely dies down and then throws up a glorious satiny pink or white bloom of the rarest tints.......................................................... 35
Finchi. Much like Howelli, but broader and more succulent leaves. Blooms very similar................................. 0.50

Tweedyii. This is the most beautiful of all. Lovely green foliage which throws up a glorious bloom resembling a miniature waxen water-lily........................................ 1.50

LINARIA (Scrophulariacae)
Linaria Alpina. Dainty little lavender and yellow, or pink and yellow snap-dragons. Very choice...................... 0.35

LINUM (Linacacea)
Alpinum. Dainty little flax of the clearest blue.................. 0.60
Salsaloides. Paler Mauve and streaked lavender................ 0.75
Viscosum. Dainty plant throwing up a large single pink bloom. Good and late bloomer................................. 1.00

LITHOSPERMUM (Boraginacea)
Gramnifolium. Dainty little shrub, with pale blue dif-
fused pink blossoms. Choice........................................ 0.75
Petraem. Much like the above. Longer foliage and more intense blue. July-August............................ 0.75
Prostratum. Choice rock cover. This is the delight of my rock garden. It blooms from February until De-
cember. Gentain blue blossoms.............................. 0.50
Prostratum. Heavenly Blue. A sky blue form of the above ................................................................. 0.75

LOTUS (Leguminosae)
Corniculatus. Lovely little rock cover for a partially shady corner. Nice little pea-shaped flowers of clear yellow in early summer .................................................. 0.40
Corniculatus Flora Plena. Double form of the above. Rare ........................................................................ 0.75

MALVESTRUM (Malvacea)
Coccineum. Lovely grey cut-leafed foliage with the most satisfying flame colored tufts of silk. July............... 0.50

MAZUS (Scrophulariaceae)
Rugosa. Lovely creeper for stepping stones or between rocks. Minute lavender flowers like a wee orchid.
A choice little affair............................................. 0.40

MERTENSIA (Boraginacea)
Virginica. Beautiful sprays of China-blue bells. Lovely with the native mimulus........................................... 0.35

MIMULUS (Scrophulariaceae)
Lewisia. Beautiful native pink mimulus........................... 0.50
Lewisia Alba. The lovely white form of the above. Rare .75
Langdorffii. Native yellow mimulus, creeper and quaint.. .25
Cardinalis. Bright scarlet flower........................................ .50

MYOSOTIS (Boraginaceae)
Pallustris Fl. Pl. This is a superb form of the forget-me-not. Good for water margins, or as ground cover for Iris ................................................................. .35
Rupicola. The choicest of the class. Hairy leaves........... .75

ONONIS (Leguminaceae)
Cenisia. Dainty little apple blossom pink peas on minute little shrub. Choice................................................................. 1.00
Rotundifolia. Larger and deeper pink.................................... .75

ONOSMA (Borraginaceae)
Tauricum. The lovely Golden Drop. Wide masses of narrow, grey green foliage, from which in Summer dainty trumpets of clear lemon yellow appear, sweetly almond scented. Hot situation.................................................. 1.00
Venustrum. Much like the above, with pale cream blooms. 1.00

OMPHALODES (Borraginaceae)
Cappadoccia. Handsome dwarf plant with large forget-me-not like flowers of the rarest blue. Prefers a little shade ................................................................. .75
Verna. Much like the above, but choicer and daintier.... 1.00

OXALIS (Geraniaceae)
Adenophylla. A beautiful Chilian mountain plant. Profusion of lovely grey-green leaves throwing up dainty blooms of the softest lilac-pink........................................ 1.25
Enneaphylla. The glory of the Falkland Islands. Similar to above, with waxy white flowers......................... 1.25
Floribunda Rosea. The old favorite. Umbels of rose blooms all summer long. Appreciate a little shade ... .40

PAROCHETUS (Leguminosae)
Communis. Native of East India, but is perfectly hardy in moderate temperatures. Carries far into the Winter beautiful pea-shaped azure flowers on two-inch stems. Creeper shade..................................................... 1.00

PENSTEMON (Scrophulariaceae)
Acuminatus. Gray foliage, gentian blue flowers............. .50
Acuminatus Alba. White form of the above...................... .50
Barretttae. Choice native of Oregon. Silvered foliage with the most glorious lilac snapdragon........... .75
Confertus purpureo-coeruleus. Dwarf species from Oregon, mat like habit. Purplish blue flowers in late summer ................................................................. 50

Fruticosa. Also Oregon native of great beauty........... 75

Menziesii. Evergreen dwarf woody plant with large purple snapdragons. Choice ....................................................... 50

Cristatus. I am not sure that this is the right name for this delightful little Penstemon. Evidently it is a hybrid, but it is very choice ....................................................... 50

Heterophyllus. Choice violet-blue with pale blue throat... 35

Procrurus. Masses of glorious gentian blue heads on very ample stems and lush foliage. 12-14 inches.......................... 35

Rattani Minor. Dwarf heads of blue-lavender flowers.... 35

Rupicola. The choicest of the penstemons. Delightful cherry-red blossoms with grey-green foliage.... .50 & 1.00

Scouleri. Evergreen low bushes. In May and June lovely spikes of large lavender snapdragons.......................... 75

Scouleri Alba. Choice form of the above. Very fine..... 1.00

PHLOX (Polemoniacae)

Amoena. Low-growing plant with large pinkish-lilac flowers ................................................................................ 25

Adsurgens. This is one of the best native phloxes........... 75

Divaricata. The early blue phlox. Good with the early tulips. About 10-12 inches high.............................. 35

Diffusa. Our finest native phlox. Creeping mats of lovely pale mauve and lavender blossoms......................... 50

Stolonifera. Creeping phlox, Eastern native.................. 35

Sublata. Creeping masses forming sheets of color in early Spring.

Nivalis. White ................................................................... 35

Froendosa. Pink with deeper eye...................................... 35

G. F. Wilson. Soft lilac.......................................................... 35

Lilacina. Light mauve, deeper ring in center.................. 35

The Sprite. Soft lavender.................................................. 45

Seraph .................................................................................. 45

The Bride. White with pink eye....................................... 40

Vivid. Beautiful bright rose. The best............................ 50

PHYTEUMA (Campanulacae)

Orbiculaire. Graceful balls of blue on dainty stems...... 35

Schouzeri. Similar to above. Taller................................. 35
PLUMBAGO (Leadwort)
Larpentae. Valuable for color in Fall. Gentian blue blossoms on foliage turning deep bronze. October... .35

POLEMONIUM (Polemoniaceae)
Humile. Dwarf, with grey foliage, dainty blue blossoms.
This is the true alpine sort.............................................. .40
Reptans. Larger in every way, umbels of bright blue florets. Lovely with early spring bulbs......................... .35
Pulchellum. Similar, but with the choicest of China blue blossoms ...................................................... .40

POLYGONONUM (Polygonaceae)
Affine (brunonis). Carpeting plant, evergreen foliage, turns bronze in fall, spikes of rose in August and September ..................................................... .35
Vaccinifolium. Choice little creeper, lovely to cover a large rock. Throws up the daintiest little spike of soft pink in the late fall................................................. .75

POTENTILLA (Rosaceae)
Aurea. Quite dwarf, with yellow blossoms........................... .35
Cinerea. Compact grower, large yellow flowers.................. .40
Willmottae. Deep crimson, grey foliage.............................. .40
Nitida. The choicest of the Alpine Potentillas. Silver grey foliage, beautiful in itself, with the most gorgeous rose bloom...................................................... 1.00
Tonguei. Choice bi-color. Dwarf and awfully good......... .75

PRIMULA (Primulaceae)
I have many of this specie, but list a few of the best.
Beesiana. Bog plant with large purple blossoms............... .75
Bulleyiana. Similar to above, with buff orange flowers.... .75
Cashmeriana. A really beautiful kind with lilac blooms.. .35
Cortusoides. Soft crinkly leaves with rose-lavender flowers ................................................................. .50
Hellenae. One of the best obtainable of the dwarf growing species. Similar to Juliæ........................................... 1.00
Juliae. Choice little dwarf primula of the rarest coloring deep purple with yellow center.......................... .75
Capitata. Lovely spreading foliage and dark purple flowers ........................................................................... .50
Farinosa. Dainty little bird’s foot primula, dainty little pinkish-lilac flowers ............................................. .50
Frondosa. Similar to above, a little larger in every way .50
Veris. True blue. A charming blue primrose .............................................  .50
Japonica. Mixture of lovely shade of rose and pink, in whorls along the stem. Very effective in early spring ........................................................  .50
Sikamensis. Dainty little yellow-capped Primula. Moisture ........................................................  .75

PULMONARIA (Borraginacea)
Angustifolia Azurea. Low growing herbaceous plant with numerous deep blue flower heads in early Spring. This is a most acceptable early harbinger, the first of the season .................................................................................................................................  .35

RAMONDIA (Gesneraceae)
Pyrenaica. Dark green crinkled foliaged plant of primula family, with glorious lavender bloom. For shady and moist places in rocks .................................................................................................................. 1.00

SAPONARIA (Caryophyllaceae)
Ocyoides Splendens. A good pink bloomer to combine with the early spring aubretias .................................................................  .35

SAXIFRAGA (Saxifragaceae). This is perhaps the largest race of alpines. Mostly all are quite dwarf, requiring a hot situation, and sandy and gritty soil, with the exception of one or two, which are shade loving. I name these in the sections to which they belong.

KABSCHIA SECTION:
Apiculata. Mats of spiny foliage, primrose yellow blossoms in earliest spring .................................................................  .50
Boryii. Compact grey-green cushions with large white blooms in early spring. A little gem ................................................................. 1.00
Burseriana. Sulphurea. Glorious little plant with little yellow blossoms in early spring ................................................................. 1.00
Burseriana. Magna. Similar to above. Large white blooms ................................................................................................. 1.25
Elizabethae. Small cushions of grey foliage, ample blossoms of pale yellow ......................................................................................... 1.00
Ferdinana-Coburg. Grey-green rosettes similar to above, deeper yellow blossoms ......................................................................................... 1.00
Lutea-Viridis. Green mats with yellow blossoms ......................................................................................................................... .75
Godseffiana (SS. Elegabethae x Sancta). Spreading mate of blue-grey. Yellow blooms ......................................................................................... 1.00
Invingii. Little hybrid of great beauty, with pink blossoms ................................................................................................. 1.25
**Petraschi.** Choice little silvery cushions, large white blossoms in very early spring

**1.25**

**Rocheliana.** Silvery rosettes with neat little blossoms of creamy white

**.75**

**ENCRUNTED SECTION:** This is a well typified sections, all plants forming rosettes with limey encrustations. Most all bloom in May and June, and prefer heat and plenty of chip rock.

**Aizoon.** Easy and good

**.35**

**Aizoon Rosea.** Similar to above, with deep rose flowers

**.50**

**Altissima.** Large rosettes of blue-grey foliage, throwing up ample sprays of white speckled red

**.75**

**Baldensis.** Compact little mats with delightful little white blossoms

**.75**

**Cartilaginea.** Distinct and rare. Stiff rosettes carrying stems of flowers of pinkish white

**1.00**

**Cochlearis.** Choice little mat of platinum grey, red-stemmed sprays of large snow-white flowers

**.75**

**Cotyledon. Caterhamensis.** Hybrid of outstanding merit. Stems of two feet or more with branching sprays of white dotted red, giving pink effect

**1.00**

**Cotyledon Pyramidalis.** Lovely ample rosettes of grey-green, with large sprays of lovely white blooms

**.75 to 1.25**

**Flavescens.** Hybrid with beautiful yellow blossoms

**.75**

**Gaudini.** Hybrid between Cotyledon and Aizoon. Pink spotted white

**.75**

**Hostii.** Rare species, beautiful rosettes of narrow grey leaves

**.75**

**Lingulata.** Loose spidery rosettes of long narrow leaves, encrusted with lime, from which rise lovely plumes of white

**.75**

**Lingulata Lantoscan Bellardi** This is a distinct variety, preferring a little shade

**.75**

**Densa.** Compact grower. Larger than the little Baldensis

**.75**

**LaGaveana.** Small edition of the Aizoon. Creamy white flowers

**.75**

**Andrewsii.** Hybrid between Geum and Hostii. Ample green foliage with silver encrustations and splendid white flowers

**.75**
MacNabiana. Easy and good. Medium rosettes heavily encrusted with white flowers spotted crimson............ .75
Pectinata. Hybrid between Aizoon and Incrustata. Flat-tened rosettes heavily silvered.................................. .75

MOSSY SECTION:
Bathionensis. Good bloomer and one of the best of the colored ones. Deep pink................................. .35
Decipiens Roses ................................................................................................................................. .35
Decipiens Alba ....................................................................................................................................... .35
Wallacei. Large white mossy. Good......................................................... .50
Guildford's Seedling. Bright crimson, one of the best... .40
H. S. Stokes. Red ................................................................................................................................. .40
Schoen Von Ronsdorf. Deep red, very choice................ .50
Red Admiral. The best mossy................................................. .75
Sir Douglas Haig. Choice red, or deep crimson........... .50
Cotswold Cream. Lovely cream, rich coloring, dark green foliage ......................................................... .50

PORPHYRION SECTION
Oppositifolia Splendens. This is an early bloomer with lovely purple blossoms. Very rare and choice......... .75
Cunneafolia. A tiny London Pride, with dainty pink flowers in early spring........................................... .50
Primuloides. Elliott's Variety. Tiny compact London Pride ........................................................................ .50

SEDUM (Crassulacea) 
Acre. Evergreen mat with yellow flowers.......................... .25
Album Murale. Light green sausage-shaped foliage, pink-ish white blossoms........................................... .25
Anglicum. Neat growing. Grey mat with pale rose flowers ........................................................................ .30
Brevifolium. Choice little Sedum, with white flowers..... .30
Dasyphyllum. Choice little grey blue heads throwing up sprays of softest pink. One of the best.................. .35
Ewersi. Grey blue succulent leaves rather trailing habit, foliage turning rose in fall; rose blossoms............. .35
Hispanicum. Grey green and misty. Very attractive........... .30
Kamschaticum. Native succulent grey-green foliage........ .25
Lydium. Blue-green turning to red. Similar to Hispanicum ........................................................................... .30
Nevii. Rare little plant, loose mats of green and lovely white flowers ....................................................... .35
Middendorfianum. Choice, shrubby

Pruniatum Fosterianum. Spiny foliage turning bronze in fall

Sarmentosum. A questionable associate for anything choice; very desirable, however, on hot bank in full sun

Murale Coccineum. Very lovely little Sedum, dark foliage

Sexangular. Low growing Sedum similar to Hispanicul, yellow flowers

Spurium Album. Neat and fine

Spurium Foccineum. Grandiflora. Large rose flowers, one of the best

Pilosum. Remarkable little rosettes, with choice little pink blossoms

Pulchellum. Star-shaped Sedum, prefers shade, purple blossoms

Sieboldi. One of the best. Blue-grey foliage, rose blooms.

Ternatum Cristatum. Fan-shaped Sedum, developing into attractive little plant as season advances

SEMPERVIVEN (Crassulacae). I have many varieties of this attractive little rock plant, but am not sure that all are named correctly. I give a list of those I am sure of.

Arachinoideum. The tiny cob-web houseleek

Blandum Rubicundum

Doeleanum. Attractive bi-colored rosette

Globiferum. Resembling tight little globular rosettes

Brownii. Choice shaded variety, sharp tips

Laggeri. Lovely grey-green rosettes. One of the best

Tectorum. Large houseleek

Triste. Rare kind, shading dark red

Many other kinds all at 25 cents as I am not sure they are properly named.

SHORTIA (Dispendiacae)

Galacifolia. A most charming delicate evergreen, turning bronze in fall. Flowers delicate pink

SILENE (Caryphyllacae)

Acaulis. Delicious little emerald-green cushion with the most delicate little pink flowers; in June-July
Hookeri. Lovely native of California and Oregon. Luscious pink blossoms in early summer.................................  .50
Maritima. Splendid grey foliage; ample white blossoms... .35
Shafta. A fall bloomer, deep rose flowers.................................  .35

SISYRINCHIUM (Iridaceae)
Angustifolium. Blue-eyed grass...........................................  .25
Californicum. The yellow flowered form............................... .30

SOLDANELLA (Primulaceae)
Alpina. Delightful high Alpine. A beauty with violet flowers .......................................................... 1.00

SYNTHYRIS (Scrophulariaceae)
Rotundifolia. Blooms early in the spring; lilac......................... .35
Reniformis. Larger form of the above, more choice, with kidney-shaped leathery leaves, and fluffy spikes of clear lavender-blue in early spring.................................................. .50

TEUCRIUM (Labiatae)
Chamaedrays. Glossy leathery leaves with rose flowers. .35

THYMUS (Labiatae)
Serpyllum Alba. Sweet-scented creeping thyme, choice little ground cover, white blossoms..............................  .25
Serpyllum Coccineum. Red blooming kind of above............... .25
B. Serpyllum Rosea. Delightful little rose-colored blooms.. .30
Lanuginosa. Wooly evergreen carpeter, of softest grey...... .25

VERONICA (Scrophulariaceae)
Amethystina. Light lavender, dainty flowers. Profuse bloomer ..........................................................  .30
Erica. Resembling spire of rose heather. 9 inches.................. .35
Gutheriana. Neat little evergreen bushlets, glorious deep blue flowers with white eye........................................  .50
Incana. Silvery foliage with deep blue spikes. Good in rock wall ..........................................................  .25
Incana Glumaceum. This is New Zealand shrub variety Delightful little leathery leaves of softest grey............. .75
Hectori. Another odd little shrub from New Zealand. Very choice, and is evergreen.............................. .75
Rupestris (Prostrata). Pretty trailing and mat-forming plant with abundant sprays of lovely Gentian blue, lovely white eye.......................................................... .30
Repens. Good ground cover; China blue flowers.................. .25
Saxatilis. Forms neat little bushes. Shiny foliage and deep blue flowers. One of the best................................. .50
Teucrium Trehani. Yellow foliage, delightful bright blue flowers; a lovely color scheme in itself.......................... .35

VIOLA (Violacae)

Arenaria Rosea. Dear little tufted violet of the loveliest rose color. Splendid bloomer........................................ .50
Apricot. Good bloomer, of a rare apricot shade................... .30
Blanda. White flowering violet........................................ .30
Bosniaca. Dainty little deep rose viola from Central Europe ............................................................... .30
Calcaratia. This is the rare little Alpine of the Upper Mountain regions. True to type, comes lavender and yellow .............................................................. .50
Gracilis. The delicious little Grecian Viola, flowers of intense deep purple. This is the true Gracilis form.... .50
Haselmere. Delightful lilac-pink. Constant bloomer, appreciates a little shade........................................ ..... .35
Jersey Jem. Desirable Viola of deep purple; fragrant.... .25
Pedata. Bird’s foot Viola, large pale lavender blooms..... .35
Pedata Bi-Color. Glorious form of the above, with the upper petals much deeper purple than the three lower ones .................................................................................. .45
Mauve Queen. Bedding Viola, lovely mauve shade, good in formal garden for ground cover for roses................ .35
Maggie Mott. Charming Mauve Viola, diffused white near the dainty eye. Rare in good types........................ .50
Edith Cavel. Beautiful pure white. Choice imported Viola .................................................................................. .50
Snow Bird. Dainty pure white Viola with yellow eye...... .50

WAHLENBERGIA (Campanulacae)

Serpyllifolia. Lovely plant from Dalmatia. Large beautiful purple bells in July. Good wall plant.......................... .50
Gramnifolia. Similar to above, greyish foliage..................... .50
Kitabeli. Similar but shorter leaves and hairy. Good............ .75

BOTANICAL TULIPS AND SPECIES, and a class of Tulips recommended for rock garden culture.

Clusiana. Carmine-rose, with white border, long lank flowers.
Eichleri. Brilliant scarlet, very tall flower.
Greigi. Fiery orange-red, typical brown spots on leaves.
Kaufmanniana (Waterlily Tulip). Sulphur yellow.
Linifolia. Brilliant scarlet, very dwarf.